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# **Research Paper :**

# Structural features of cobalt(II) complexes of ligard 3 – phenyl pyrazole I – carboxylo hydroxamic acid KUMARI ASHA

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## ABSTRACT

The present study was aimed to prepare Ligand 3– Phenyl Pyrazole I–Carboxylo Hydroxamic Acid (HPPC = LH) and its complex with Cobalt(II) and derivation of structural formula of Cobalt (II) complex. Elemental analysis, magnetic moment determination, U.V. and Infrared Spectral studies of Cobalt (II) complex have been used to elucidate the structure

Key words : Ligand, Cobalt (II) Complex, Solvent, 3 Phenyl Pyrazole 1 – Carboxylo Hydroxamic Acid, Cobalt Bromide, Cobalt Formate

Various studies have been reported with regard to complexing behaviour of O, N, S, donor ligands and chelating molecules containing these atoms e.g. O/N, N/ S, NS0 etc. Such co-ordination compounds are being used in chemotherapy. The use of metal chelates in Cancer treatment is the earnest craze of the age.

A large scope of work still remains in this field. With a view to add some novel complexes, a number of chelates of some Hydroxamic Acid *i.e.* 3 – Phenyl Pyrazole I – Carboxylo Hydroxamic Acid with metal Ion Cobalt (II) have been prepared.

The complexes of Co(II), Ni(II), Cu(II), and Zn(II) with 4 – salicyaldimine 3 – Mercupto 5- phenyl – 1, 2, 3 triazole (SMPT  $H_2$ ) have been reported by Mishra *et al.*(1)

The complexes of 4 – Amino 3, 5 dimethyl 1, 2, 4 triazole have been prepared by J. Singh and N.K. Singh (2) of the type  $[M (ADMT)_2] Cl_2$ 

M = Co, Ni

ADMT = 4 – Amino 3, 5 dimethyl 1, 2, 4 triazole. Magnetic moment and electric spectra suggested tetrahedral geometry for [Co (ADMT)<sub>2</sub>] Cl<sub>2</sub>.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

Ligand (HPPC = LH) was prepared in laboratory using Hydroxyl Amine Hydrochloride in Methanol, KOH in Methanol, Ethyl 3 – Phenyl Pyrazole I- Carboxylate by the method reported by Blatt.

Cobalt(II) complex was prepared using Cobalt Bromide / Formate Analar – grade of B.D.H.F. Merk. The mole formula of the complex was determined on the basis of Elemental analysis. Magnetic moment determination was used to predict the geometry of complex. Geometry of complex was supported by u.v. spectral analysis whereas Infrared Spectral studies were used to determine the co-ordination site of ligand to metal Ion Co(II) .

Elemental analysis was done manually by standard methods of analysis. Magnetic and Spectra analysis was done with the help of Advanced Laboratories on personal request.

#### **RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The results obtained from the present investigation are below :

#### **Preparation of ligand :**

Preparation of 3 – Phenyl Pyrazole I – Carboxylo Hydroxamic Acid (HPPC = LH)

The ligand was prepared by the method reported by Blatt. 1 mole of KOH(56.1g) dissolved in 10 ml. of Methanol was added to a solution of 0.67 mole of Hydroxyl Amine Hydrochloride (46.7g) in 240ml. of Methanol. Both solution were mixed together keeping the temperature range at 30°–50°C. The mixture was left in ice bath for five minutes ensuring the complete precipitation of KCl. Then 0.35 mole of Ethyl - 3 Phenyl Pyrazole - I – Carboxylate was added in portion with constant shaking and after addition the solution was filtered immediately through suction. The residue in funnel was washed with a little methanol. The filtrate was kept in Erlenmeyer Flask for 36 hrs. Crystal of Potassium salt of 3 – Phenyl Pyrazole I – Carboxyl Hydroxamic Acid was filtered, washed with little absolute Alcohol and dried in air.

About half of the yield was mixed with 80ml. 1.25 N Acetic Acid and stirred while heating until a clear solution was obtained. The solution was allowed to cool at room temperature and finally chilled in ice bath. Brown crystal